RC802-240B
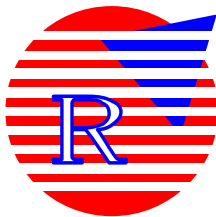# 8 E1 module optical multiplexer
User Manual

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Content

Chapter 1 RC802-240B   Version C   Overview

1.1 product introduction

RC802-120B× 2 is an ideal transmission device of optical fiber for point to point networks, middle and small capacity networks, such as wireless communication base stations, private communication networks and switch networks. It can be applied to either public networks or various private networks. It can be managed by RC004-NMS1 inside MPU slot of RC004-16

1.2 product parameter

1.2.1 E1 interface characteristic

rate: 2048Kbps± 50ppm

line code: HDB3

impedance of interface   75   unbalanced   or 120   balanced

Electrical characteristics: complies with ITU-T G.703

Transfer characteristics: complies with ITU-T G.823

Input jitter tolerance: complies with ITU-T G.823

1.2.2 Optical interface characteristic

rate   100Mbps

line code   4B5B

fiber connector   SC

Optical transmission

Launch power   -5 dBm   Receiving sensitivity   -35 dBm

Wavelength   1310nm   Transmission distance   >40km

1.2.3 Auxiliary data channel

RS232   rate   0~64Kbps

1.2.4 Power supply

RC004-16 chassis provides power supply

1.2.5 Environment

Temp   0 ~ 45

Humidity   90%   25

1.2.6 Dimension

RC004-16   436mm(W)×440mm(H)×360mm(D)

1.3 Interconnection

1.3.1 Slide-in module RC802-240B can work in pair with standalone RC801-240B.

Chapter 2 Instruction

2.1 Introduction of front panel

The top fixed spanner

Power indicator   Green   On, built-in power working in good condition

The row (L) indicates "local"
The row below indicates "Remote"

E1 LOS alarm(red): receiving signal of E1 channel is loss   it turns red

Optical alarm:

LOS alarm (red): when receiving signal is loss, it turns red

LOF alarm (red): When optical receiving frames lose synchronization, the alarm indicator turns on.

E-3 serious error bit alarm exceeds 10^{-3}(red): it is flashing.

E-6 serious error bit alarm exceeds 10^{-6}(yellow): it turns yellow

Optical interface: For dual-strand device   optical interface is DSC/PC. TX means sending   RX means receiving.

Auxiliary channel: asyc RS232   rate 0~64Kbps

Mask/ No mask

"ON": Mask unused E1' s alarm; "OFF": No mask unused E1' s alarm.
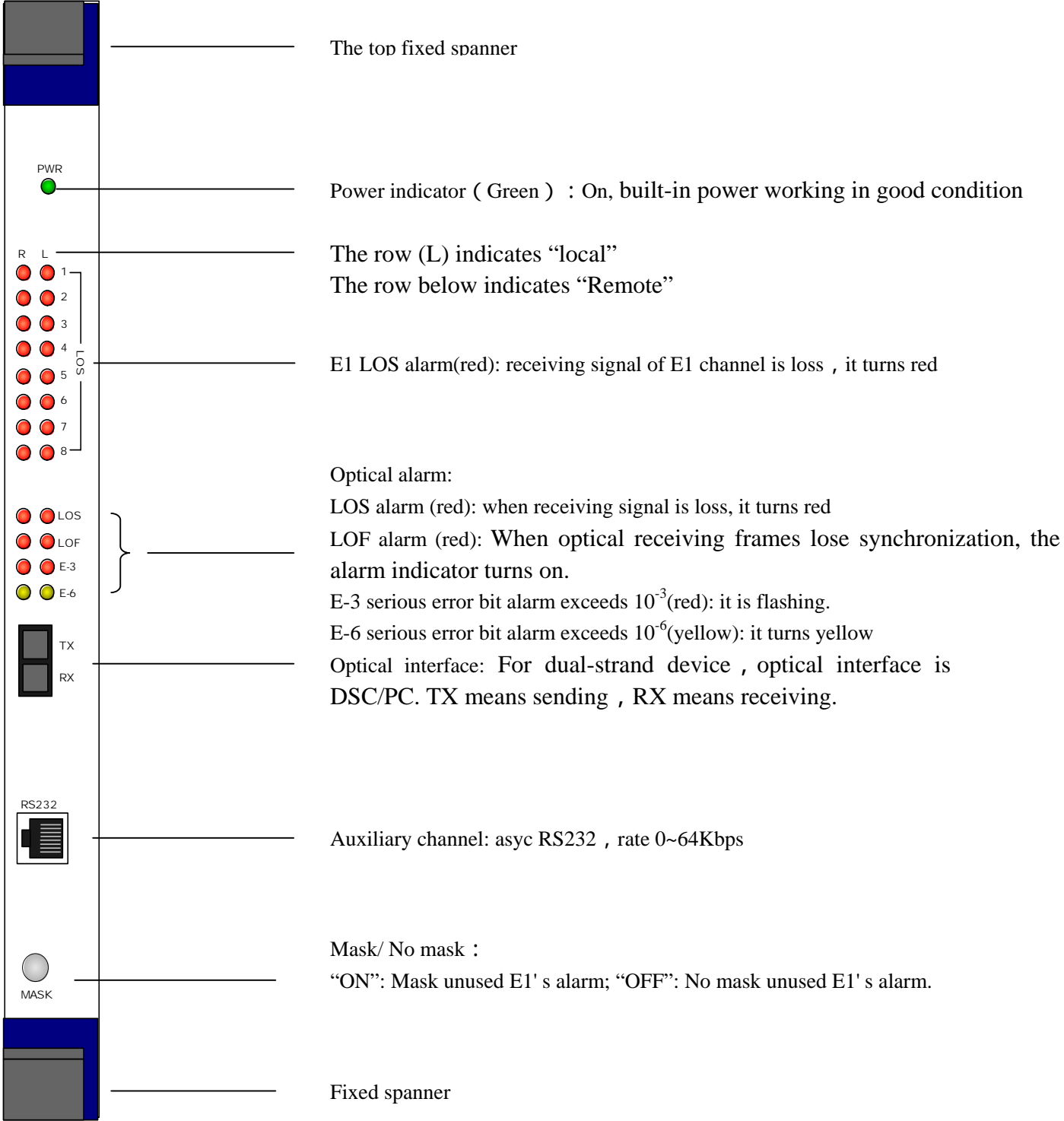
Fixed spanner

Figure 1 sketch map of RC802-240B

As shown figure 1, all alarms of E1 are receiving signal alarm. The alarm of remote site is sent

by fiber. So remote alarm is only right when optical interface is available.

## 2.2 Internal DIP-Switch setting

2.2.1 Impedance setting of E1 interface

There are 8 groups 4-bit DIP-Switch, the number of component is S1~S8. These switches can't be controlled by NMS. So they can be done manually.

ON / OFF / 1 2 3 4

The definition is as following:

1st	2nd	3rd	4th
ON	ON	ON	OFF
75 unbalanced signal effective			

Or

1st	2nd	3rd	4th
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
120 balanced signal effective			
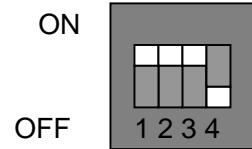
As shown in figure above, the default status is set as "75   unbalanced signal BNC interface effective".

- 75ohm unbalanced: besides setting DIP-Switch, E1 interface should be installed CC4B-8G coax adapter on DB37 connector; this adapter converts DB37 interface to eight CC3 coax connector. It fits 4 E1 channel input and 4 E1 channel output.
- 120ohm balanced: besides setting 8 groups DIP-Switch according to the table above, E1 interface should be plugged DB37 connector to fetch twisted pairs. About line order of DB37 for twisted pairs to see appendix A.

2.2.2 DIP-Switch setting

There is a group 6-bit DIP-Switch on module PCB, the series number is S9

ON / OFF / 1 2 3 4 5 6

The definition for 6-bit DIP-Switch

- 1st ~4th bit: loop-back

1st	2nd	3rd	4th	Loop-back
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	No loop-back
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	1st E1
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	2nd E1
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	3rd E1
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	4th E1
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	5th E1
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	6th E1
OFF	ON	ON	ON	7th E1
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	8th E1
ON	ON	ON	ON	All E1 lines
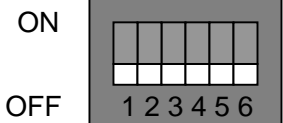
Note: Only two test method can be set: single E1 channel loop-back or all E1 channels loop-back. When single E1 channel loop-back is testing, the other channels are working without disturbance.

When it is default status, loop-back can be configured directly by NMS.

- 5th bit   Choice of loop-back type

5th bit	Choice of loop-back type
OFF	Remote loop-back enable

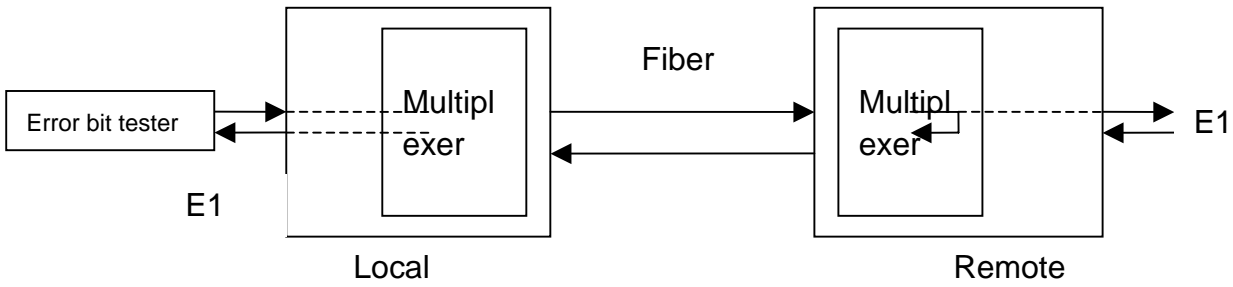| ON	Local loop-back enable

Figure2: sketch map of setting remote loop-back on local site

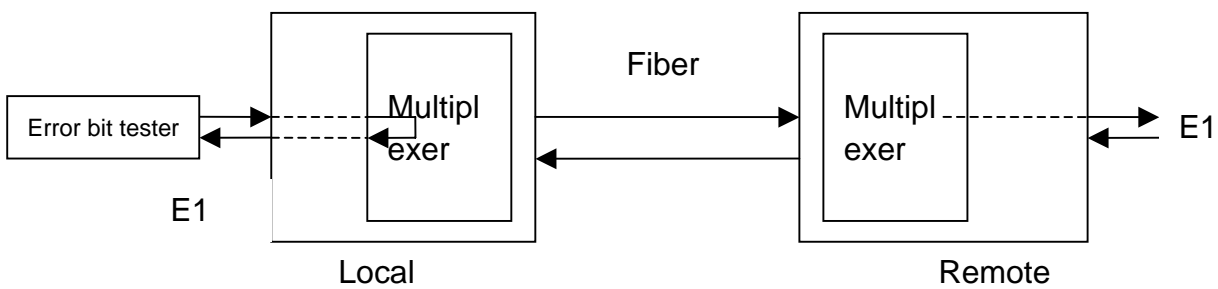Figure3: sketch map of setting local loop-back on local site

Note   When any loop-back is setting on local site, 1st ~4th loop- back DIP-switch of remote site must be all off.

DIP-Switch of remote loop-back default setting is configured as enable. This status can neither be inquired nor controlled by NMS. So it should not be modified. Only when you test device's performance right or not, DIP-Switch is for auxiliary function. Please keep default setting when loop-back is controlled by NMS.

● 6th bit   DIP-switch for FPT

When FPT is disabled it's similar to AIS of traditional multiplexers. When E1 signal on remote site is lost   the E1 output opposite of local site is "1"   when optical signal at local site is lost   all E1 output are "1" on local site.

FPT enable: when there is alarm of LOS on any direction of optical interface   both sides E1 output can not transmit HDB3 coding. At this circumstance, alarm on terminal device (such as switches, converters, SDH) of E1 link will be LOS   not AIS alarm.

6th bit	FPT
OFF	Disable complies with AIS
ON	Enable

This function is for some special need. It can be inquired, but can't be controlled. So if it is required to start, it must be forced manually.

Chapter 3 Installation and test

3.1.1 connecting
- E1 interface

     There are two groups DB37 male connectors above every MPU slot of RC004-16. The first DB37 group from the top is for 1~4 E1 of 1st unit; the second DB37 is for 1~4 E1 of 2nd unit.

     75ohm unbalanced: CC4B-8G adapter is installed on DB37 male connector.

     CC3-K3 coax cable on adapter. It is suggested to connect with SYV 75-2-2 for 75ohm unbalanced.

     120ohm balanced: it can be installed DB37 female adapter with twisted pair cable for E1 output/input on DB37 male connector on our PDH.

- Optical interface

     Plug the SC fiber tail into optical interface (push hard until to the deep end). If not sure about transmission direction, it's advised first to turn on the power of device and then plug in the fiber cable.

3.1.3 Power supply connection

     Open PWR of RC004-16.

     When it is electrified, it is necessary to confirm no alarm on optical interface at first. There is no LOS alarm if optical interface is right. ERR is yellow when device is just electrified. The reason is that the moment of current coming can bring a little error bit. After 10~20 seconds, ERR is off. ERR includes LOS, LOF, 10^{-3} and 10^{-6}.

3.1.4 Mask unused E1 alarm

If the connected E1 links are working in good condition without any signal loss, while there is still another unused E1 link, the LOS alarm for unused E1 link may occur, which is called "unused E1 alarm". Press MASK/NO MASK button "on" to clear all the unused E1 alarm and all the E1 LOS alarm indicators will be off.

In the case unused E1 link alarm being masked, if the connected E1 sub-channel is disconnected, the LOS indicator of this sub-channel will still be on.

If power supply is cut off and turned on again, then the mask function will be disabled. Press button to "off" and then pressed to "on" again.

     If after a period of operation, a new E1channel is needed, first disable the mask function and then connect E1 link.

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting

If there are any problems during installation and using, try the following proposals. If the problems can still not be solved, please contact distributors or hot-line technical support for help.

The following explanations and solutions for alarms at optical ports and LOS alarms at E1 ports are used to handling local alarm problems. For remote-end alarms, please handle them at remote site.

● Green PWR indicator not on
Answer: PS faults. Check whether PS is working properly and –48 PS connection is not reversed.

● LOS red indicator of optical port on
Answer: Loss of receiving signal occurs at optical port. Check whether the input fiber (RX) is connected well and ensure not reversed. Or check the receiving optical power with optical power test-meter, it should be greater than receiving sensitivity specification.

● Optical interface ERR on
Answer: It is normal that ERR alarm occurs for 10 seconds just after turning on the power, after 10 seconds the ERR indicator will be off. If ERR alarm occurs during operation, check whether optical RX port connects well and RX optical power.

● LOS red indicator of E1 sub-channel on
Answer: Loss alarm of RX signal at E1 sub-channel, no HDB3 signal is received. Check whether all E1 ports are connected well, or whether 75　　cable are reversely connected, or whether the wires of 75　　cable are in right order. If LOS alarm occurs at unused E1 sub-channel, press "mask" button to "on" to musk the alarm after finishing the configuration of device.

● Mask button is on, but there is still alarm in unused E1 sub-channel.
Answer: probably the mask function is disabled if power supply is cut off and then turned on. To solve is by pressing the mask button to "OFF", and then pressing to "on" to enable mask function.

● How to take cable off from connector
Answer: push the part that is the biggest diameter of connector; don't twist. Then pull off.
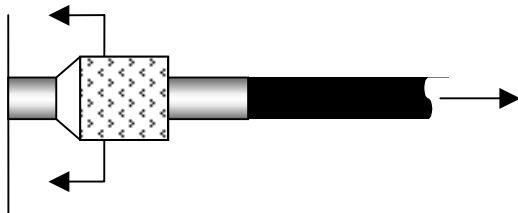
Appendix A Introduction of making cable

- 75ohm adopting DB37 coax adapter:
  It is suggested to connect with SYV 75-2-2 coax cable. The distance is less than 200 meters.

- 120ohm DB37 male connector is defined as following:

DB37 pin definition	1st		2nd		3rd		4th	
OUT	3	4	7	8	11	12	15	16
IN	21	22	25	26	29	30	33	34

Others hang up. Twisted pairs can be jointing on DB37 female connector.

Making cable of auxiliary channel

- Auxiliary channel RS232 cable
  Adopting RJ45 interface, pins defined as following:
  3   ——RXD 232 signal input
  6   ——TXD 232 signal output
  4   5——GND
  others — hang up

  RS232 (RJ45) interface is connected to computer's console (DB9 female connector), line order as following:

```
        RJ45              DB9F
          3        —       3
          6        —       2
        4   5      ——      5
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